Introduction to the Use of Computers Requiring HTTP-Level Authentication Friday 7th December 2012

This labsheet demonstrates one more run-time customization of the Apache web server

- 1. This part invites you to create your own .htaccess file to control the behaviour of the web server in your personal web space. (You have probably already done this step in lab07, with different URLs, so this should be straightforward).
 - (a) Check that you get a 404 status code ('Not Found') when you access http: //www.doc.gold.ac.uk/~maXXXyy/is50004a/lab09/ in a web browser.
 - (b) Create a subdirectory called lab09 of your public_html/is50004a directory on igor. Check that, once you have done that, instead of a 404 status code you get a 403 code ('Forbidden') when accessing the same URL.
 - (c) Create a .htaccess file in the new lab09 directory, with the contents Options +Indexes. Reload the URL once more and observe the difference.
- 2. This part involves the addition of password protection (using HTTP Basic Authentication) to the resources under your space for this lab session.
 - (a) Add the lines

AuthType Basic AuthName "Lab 9 session" Require valid-user

to the .htaccess file, and try accessing the http://www.doc.gold.ac.uk/ ~maXXXyy/is50004a/lab09/ URL again. (You should find that you are prompted for a username and password, and that no username and password combination actually allows you to see the underlying contents).

- (b) Create a userfile by using the htpasswd utility: choose a username, and create the file by typing htpasswd -c userfile [username]. You will be prompted for a password.
- (c) Add to your .htaccess the line

AuthUserFile /home/ugrad/maXXXyy/public_html/is50004a/lab09/userfile

(which should be the full filesystem path on igor to the usefile you have created). Visit the URL once more, and check that typing the username and password allows you to see the directory (i.e. that authentication is successful).

(d) The view that you have of the lab09 directory includes the userfile. What problems might this cause?